

Ō



International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space

# RISK ANALYSIS AND RISK SHARING IN TUNNELLING WORKS FOR METRO RAIL PROJECTS

by

#### **SUBRAHMANYA GUDGE**

CHIEF ENGINEER, BMRCL

gudge @bmrc.co.in



International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space



### **Present Situation in Tunneling**

- Urban Tunnelling is mainly by TBM.
- Generally TBM is owned by contractor.
- Mixed strata needs rock machines.



**Rock Machine** 



International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space



### **Challenges While Tunneling**

- Excavation needs to be stopped (Intervention) for cutter disc replacement/any other maintenance.
- Cost towards loss of productivity and replacement of damaged discs is substantial.
- Actual consumption of cutter discs and number of interventions cannot be assessed accurately.
- Tenderer will consider most critical condition while quoting.
- Quoted rate may go unreasonable.



International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space



**NEW CUTTER DISC** 



#### **DAMAGED CUTTER DISC**





International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space



- Consumption of cutter disc is based on geological conditions.
- Location & size of boulders cannot be predicted accurately.
- Presence of boulders cause damage to cutter discs.
- Damaged discs to be replaced in hyperbaric conditions.
- Interventions in hyperbaric conditions need additional man power & machinery.
- Cost of replacing each disc is much more than cost of disc itself.



International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space



#### **Resources Required for Intervention**

- Dedicated Doctor and Team
- Man Power: 3 to 6 number for 4 hours of Intervention
- Dedicated Safety Team
- Medical Chamber (Suitable for Hyperbaric condition)
- Medical Oxygen and arrangements
- Dedicated Crane for Intervention
- Rescue Cage (Man Basket)
- Standby Compressor
- Dedicated Communication system
- Specialised Pressure Gauges
- Specialised Welding Equipment
- Exhaust System from Hyperbaric condition



International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space



#### **TENDERING**

- Work of tunnel using TBMs is generally awarded on design build lumpsum basis.
- All risks are with the Contractor.
- Payment is on running meter basis.
- Awarded cost is independent of discs consumed and number of interventions carried out.
- Some interventions will be as long as 2 weeks.



International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space



#### **COMPARISION OF TOUGHEST & EASIEST DRIVES**

Sl.no	DESCRIPTION	TOUGHIEST DRIVE	EASIEST DRIVE
1	TYPE OF MACHINE	SLURRY	SLURRY
2	DIA OF MACHINE	6.72 m	6.65 m
3	LENGTH OF TUNNEL	1086 m	718 m
4	GEOLOGICAL STRATA	Mixed Face with Boulders	Full Face Soil – 618 m Partially Rock – 100m
5	DURATION OF DRIVE	450 Days	105 days
6	NUMBER OF INTERENTIONS	193 nos	13 nos
7	AVERAGE PROGRESS/DAY	2.41 m	6.83 m
8	NUMBER OF DISCS REPLACED	325 nos	94 nos
9	RMT/DISC	3.34 m	7.63 m
10	TUNNEL LENGTH / INTERVENTION	5.62 m	55.23 m

 Huge difference can be seen in progress, interventions and disc consumption.



International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space



#### **RISK SHARING IN PHASE-2 OF BANGALORE METRO**

- Geological data is made available in tender document.
- Contractor shall arrive at anticipated/theoretical consumption of cutter disc as per the data made available. - Say X
- The method is based on Rock Mass Rating (RMR) system and Rock Mass Excavability (RME).
- During execution, cutter disc consumption shall be recalculated utilizing the recorded geological data of the encountered soil/rock profile adopting the same method. — Say Y.
- Actual consumption of cutter discs Say Z.

Con....



International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space



#### **RISK SHARING IN PHASE-2 OF BANGALORE METRO**

- Lower of the X or Y will be used for calculating compensation.
- Cost of theoretical consumption of cutter discs calculated (x or y) added with 25% is deemed to be included in the amount quoted in the tender.
- If the actual consumption of cutter disc (Z) exceeds 125% of theoretical consumption, cost of such excess cutter discs will be paid by the employer.
- Such payment should not exceed 3% of the tunneling work.



International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space



#### REQUIREMENTS OF ASSESSING COST TOWORDS RISK

- Detail soil investigation along actual alignment of tunnel.
- Freezing the tunnel alignment.
- Proper preparation of geological investigation report.
- Owning of accuracy of soil investigation report by employer.



International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space



#### **ADDING ALL RISKS ON CONTRACTOR**

#### **ADVANTAGES**

- 1. Contractor is responsible for handing over completed tunnel within the agreed cost.
- 2. Minimum variation.
- 3. Cost of cutter discs, cutter head interventions and all other costs are borne by the contractor.

#### **DISADVANTAGES**

- 1. Contractor will consider cost towards all the risks assessed based on available soil investigation report.
- 2. Actual condition may not be as assessed during tendering.
- 3. If geological condition is favorable, contractor may get additional profit.
- 4. If geological conditions are worse than that assessed, the contractor may fail financially and completion schedule may get affected.
- 5. In both the above cases, employer needs to incur additional cost.



International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space



#### SHARING THE RISK AMOUNG CONTRACTOR AND EMPLOYER

#### **ADVANTAGES**

- 1. Tenderer will need to quote towards known scope only.
- 2. Cost due to adverse/unknown geology will be reimbursed.
- 3. Completion cost will be reasonable.
- 4. Failure of contract due to adverse geological conditions can be avoided.

#### **DISADVANTAGES**

- 1. Guidelines for arriving at risk cost should not be vague.
- 2. Requires accurate recording of geological conditions met while tunnelling. May need engineers of employer to regularly enter cutting chamber.
- 3. Contractor may try to depict normal condition as abnormal condition.



International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space



14

#### **CONCLUSION**

- Expecting contractor to cater for all risks involves additional cost.
- Sharing risks will bring freedom to the contractor to quote against known scope only.
- Carrying soil investigation in city limits by the tenderer is very difficult.
- Employer should enclose a detailed soil investigation report with tender documents.
- Reduced risk may attract more players for tunneling works.
- Risk sharing methods / procedures need to be finalized in consultation with Geologists and Experts from Contract, finance and legal sections.





International Conference on Climate Change Resilience and Sustainability in Tunnelling and Underground Space

#### **THANK YOU**